

## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CANDIDATE NAME									
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER							
CAMBRIDGE INTE	RNATIONAL MATHEMATICS		0607/03						
Paper 3 (Core)		For Exa	mination from 2010						
SPECIMEN PAPER	l .								
	and the Oracline Beauty		1 hour 45 minutes						
	on the Question Paper								
Additional Materials	: Graphics Calculator Geometrical Instruments								
	FRUCTIONS FIRST								
Write your Centre r Write in dark blue o	umber, candidate number and name on all tl r black pen	he work you hand in.							
	paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction f	fluid.							
You may use a per	cil for any diagrams or graphs.								
Answers in degrees For $\pi$ , use your calc You must show all your answer is income	therwise, give your answers exactly or to three should be given to one decimal place. Fulator value. Felevant working to gain full marks and you wrect.	vill be given marks for co	rrect methods even if						
	The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.  The total of the marks for this paper is 96.								
		Fo	or Examiner's Use						

This document consists of 15 printed pages and 1 blank page.



## Formula List

Area, $A$ , of triangle, base $b$ , height $h$ .	$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$
--	---------------------

Area, A, of circle, radius r. 
$$A = \pi r^2$$

Circumference, C, of circle, radius r. 
$$C = 2\pi r$$

Curved surface area, A, of cylinder of radius r, height h. 
$$A = 2\pi rh$$

Curved surface area, A, of cone of radius r, sloping edge l. 
$$A = \pi r l$$

Curved surface area, A, of sphere of radius r. 
$$A = 4\pi r^2$$

Volume, 
$$V$$
, of prism, cross-sectional area  $A$ , length  $l$ .  $V = Al$ 

Volume, 
$$V$$
, of pyramid, base area  $A$ , height  $h$ . 
$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

Volume, V, of cylinder of radius r, height h. 
$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

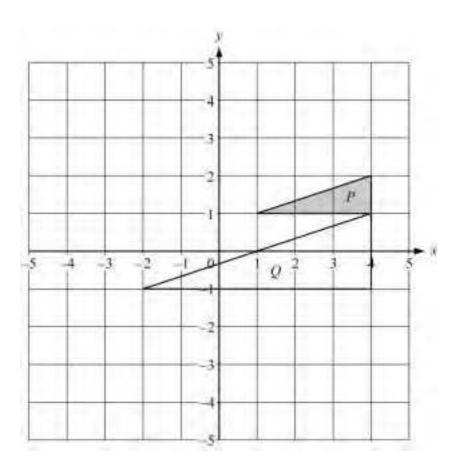
Volume, 
$$V$$
, of cone of radius  $r$ , height  $h$ . 
$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

Volume, 
$$V$$
, of sphere of radius  $r$ . 
$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

## Answer all the questions.

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1



(a) Describe fully the **single** transformation, which maps triangle P onto triangle Q.

Answer(a)	[3]	1
miswer (a)	L	J

- **(b)** Draw the image of triangle P after the translation  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ . [2]
- (c) Draw the image of triangle P after reflection in the y-axis. [2]

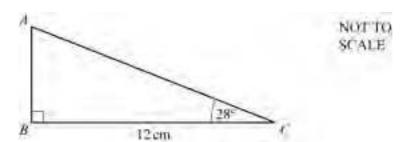
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Lou	is and Chris go to the cinema.	
(a)	They go from home to the cinema by bus.  The bus departs at 16 47 and takes 25 minutes to reach the cinema.  Write down the time the bus arrives at the cinema.	
	<i>Answer(a)</i> [1]	
(b)	The adult bus fare is \$1.20.	
	(i) Louis pays this fare but Chris pays 60% of the adult fare. Calculate how much Chris pays.	
	Answer(b)(i) \$[2]	
	(ii) Write down, in its simplest form, the ratio  Louis's fare: Chris's fare.	
	Louis 5 fare. Chilis 5 fare.	
	$Answer(b)(ii) \qquad \qquad : \qquad \qquad [2]$	
(c)	The cinema tickets usually cost \$3.00 each. Louis and Chris pay \$2.55 each. Calculate the reduction as a percentage of the usual cost.	
	Answer(c) % [2]	
(d)	After the cinema, Louis and Chris go to a café. They spend money in the ratio Louis: Chris = 6:7. Chris spends \$2.10. Calculate how much Louis spends.	
	Answer(d) \$[2]	

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3 (a)



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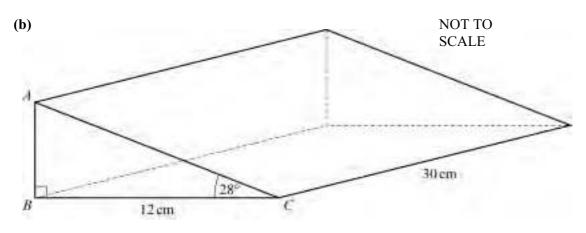
In triangle ABC, BC = 12 cm and angle  $ACB = 28^{\circ}$ . Calculate

(i) the length of AB,

Answer(a)(i)	 cm	[2]	

(ii) the area of triangle ABC.





Triangle ABC in **part (a)** is the cross-section of the triangular prism shown in the diagram. The length of the prism is 30 cm. Calculate

(i) the volume of the prism,

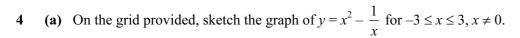
Answer(b)(i) cm<sup>3</sup> [2]

(ii) the length of AC,

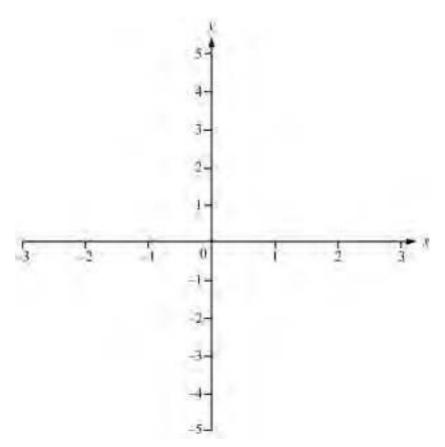
Answer(b)(ii) cm [2]

(iii) the total surface area of the prism.

Answer(b)(iii) cm<sup>2</sup> [3]







[4]

(b) Write down the co-ordinates of the point where the graph crosses the x-axis.

Answer(b) ( \_\_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_ ) [1]

(c) Find the co-ordinates of the minimum point.

 $Answer(c) \quad (\qquad \qquad , \qquad \qquad ) \quad [2]$ 

(d) Write down the equation of the asymptote of the graph.

Answer(d) [1]

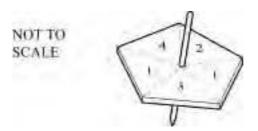
(e) On the same grid, sketch the graph of  $y = 4 - x^2$  for  $-3 \le x \le 3$ . [2]

(f)	Write down	the co-ordinates	of one of	the noints	of intersection	of the two	oranhs
(1)	WITE GOWII	i ille co-oramates	or one or	the points	of intersection	or the two	graphs.

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(g) Solve the equation 
$$x^2 - \frac{1}{x} = 4 - x^2$$
.

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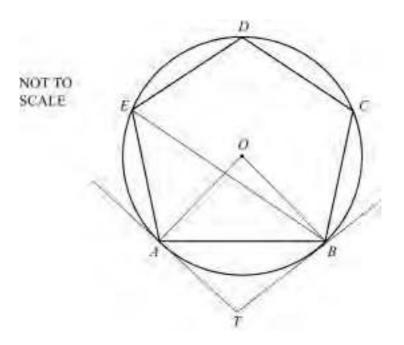
The diagram shows a spinner, which gives scores of 1, 1, 2, 3 and 4. The spinner is equally likely to stop on any of the five numbers.

	•		
(a)	Wr	rite down the probability that the score is 1.	
		Answer(a)	[1]
(b)	The	ne spinner is spun twice.	
	(i)	Calculate the probability that the score is 1 both times.	
		Answer(b)(i)	[2]
	(ii)		
	Ans	nswer (b)(ii)	
			[2]
			[2]
	(iii)	Calculate the probability that the total score is 3.	
		Answer(b)(iii)	[2]

(c)	Dav	id spins th	e spinner 10 times	and his scores are				For
	1, 1	, 4, 2, 1, 1,	2, 1, 3, 3.					Examiner's Use
	Fine	d						
	(i)	the mean,						
	<b>(**</b> )	<i>a</i> l 1		Ar	aswer(c)(i)	 	[1]	
	(ii)	the mode	•					
				An	swer(c)(ii)	 	[1]	
	(iii)	the media	n.					
				Ans	wer(c)(iii)	 	[1]	
(d)			n David's class spir the class are shown	ns the spinner 10 tin in the table.	nes.			
		Score	1	2	3	4	]	
		requency	107	40	56	17	]	
	Find							
	(i)	the mean,						
				An	nswer(d)(i)	 	[1]	
	(ii)	the mode	,					
				An	swar(d)(ii)		[1]	
	(iii)	the media	n	An	swer (a)(II)	 	[1]	
	()		·,					
				Ans	wer(d)(iii)	 	[1]	
	(iv)	the upper	quartile,					
				Ans	wer(d)(iv)	 	[1]	
	(v)	the range					-	
				An	swer(d)(v)	 	[1]	

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A, B, C, D and E are points on a circle, centre O. ABCDE is a regular pentagon.

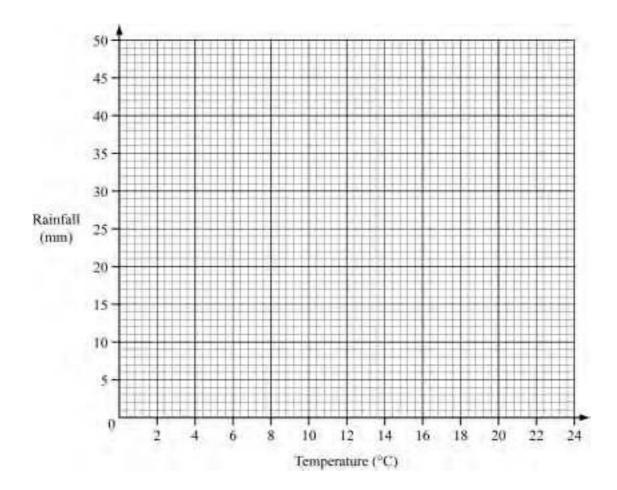
(a)	Cal	culate		
	(i)	angle BCD,		
			Answer(a)(i)	 [2]
	(ii)	angle AEB,		
			Answer(a)(ii)	 [1]
	(iii)	angle BED,		
			Answer(a)(iii)	 [1]
	(iv)	angle AOB.		
			Answer(a)(iv)	 [1]
(b)		gents are drawn at $A$ and $B$ and they meet a culate angle $ATB$ .	at <i>T</i> .	
			Answer(b)	 [2]
(c)	Cal	culate angle <i>OBE</i> .		
			Answer(c)	 [2]

7	On	1 January 2004, Helena bought a car for \$25 000.	For Examiner's
	At t	he end of each year, the value of the car is 10% less than its value at the start of that year.	Use
	(a)	Calculate the value of the car on 1 January 2007.	
		<i>Answer(a)</i> \$ [3]	
	(b)	Calculate the total decrease in value, by 1 January 2007, as a percentage of the \$25 000.	
		$Answer(b) \qquad \qquad [3]$	
		Answer (b)	
	(c)	Calculate the number of whole years it takes for the value of the car to go down from \$25 000 to below \$12 000.	
		$Answer(c) \qquad [2]$	

8 The monthly temperature and rainfall of a city are given in the table.

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Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Temperature(°C)	8	7	9	11	15	20	23	23	21	16	12	9
Rainfall (mm)	45	50	40	40	32	15	18	21	15	25	32	41



- (a) On the grid, draw an accurate scatter diagram. [3]
- (b) The mean of the 12 monthly temperatures is 14.5 °C.

  The mean of the 12 monthly rainfalls is 31.2 mm.

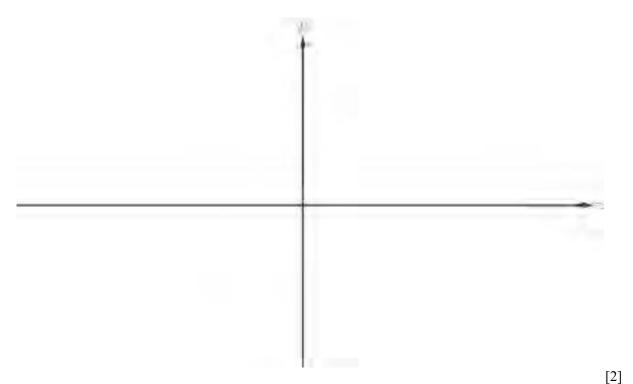
  Plot the point on the grid to show this information.

  [1]
- (c) Draw a line of best fit on your scatter diagram. [2]
- (d) In the following year, the June temperature is 18 °C.
  Use your graph to find the expected June rainfall in the following year.

Answer(d) mm [1]

9	The area, $A$ , of the curved surface of a cylinder of radius $r$ and height $h$ is given by the formula						
		$A=2\pi rh.$	Examiner's Use				
	(a)	Calculate the curved surface area of a cylinder of radius 4.7 cm and height 11.4 cm.					
		Answer(a) $cm^2$ [2]					
	(b)	Make <i>h</i> the subject of the formula $A = 2\pi rh$ .					
		Answer(b) h =  [2]					
	(c)	Calculate the height of a cylinder that has a radius of $2.7 \text{ cm}$ and a curved surface area of $90.3 \text{ cm}^2$ .					
		Answer(c) cm [2]					

10 (a) Sketch the graph of  $y = x + \frac{1}{x}$  for  $-4 \le x \le 4$ ,  $x \ne 0$ .



(b) The straight lines y = mx, where m is any real number, all go through the same point. Write down the co-ordinates of this point.

Answer(b) [1]

(c) Find any value of m so that the graphs of  $y = x + \frac{1}{x}$  and y = mx intersect.

Answer(c) [1]

(d) Find any value of m so that the graphs of  $y = x + \frac{1}{x}$  and y = mx do not intersect.

Answer(d) \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

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(e)	Complete the	statement,	by f	illing	in the	space

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Answer(e) The graphs 
$$y = x + \frac{1}{x}$$
 and  $y = mx$  intersect if  $m > \frac{1}{2}$ 

(f) On the graph of  $y = x + \frac{1}{x}$ , A is the point where x = -2 and B is the point where x = 2.

AB is the diagonal of a rectangle APBQ in which the side AP is parallel to the x-axis.

(i) Draw the rectangle on your sketch.

[1]

(ii) Calculate the area of the rectangle APBQ.

*Answer(f)*(ii) [2]

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